MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I. IDENTIFICATION - Canadian Sphagnum Peat Moss

Product Names:

Address:

City:

Province/State:
Postal Code/Zip:

Emergency Phone Number:

SECTION II. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS/IDENTITY INFORMATION

Component: Nuisance dust

Exposure Limits: OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV

Respirable mass 5 mg/cu.m. 5 mg/cu.m. Total mass 15 mg/cu.m. 5 mg/cu.m.

<u>Contains:</u> Natural peat moss

SECTION III. PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Appearance and Odor: Brown, fibrous, earthy odor

Boiling Point:Not applicableVapor Pressure:Not applicableSolubility in Water:Not applicable

Specific Gravity: (H20=1): Bulk density of 0.15g/cc

Melting Point:

Evaporation Rate:

Not applicable

Not applicable

<u>PH</u> 3.5 - 4.5

Specific Gravity: 60 - 95 g/l dry weight basis

SECTION IV. FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

260 °C Auto Ignition Temperature:

Flash Point: Not applicable Flammable Limits: Not applicable

Extinguishing Media: Standard fire-fighting agents

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: None. Caution, burning may continue inside bags

or piles after surface fire is out. Break bags or

separate pile to assure that the fire is

extinguished. The thermal decomposition products

are those commonly observed with natural

products such as wood or other vegetable matter.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: None

SECTION V. REACTIVITY DATA

Stability: Stable

Conditions to Avoid: None known Incompatibility: Strong acids

Hazardous Decomposition or byproducts Does not occur except during pyrolysis.

See section IV.

Hazardous Polymerization: None known

SECTION VI. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of Entry: Inhalation, open wounds, eyes Health Hazards: Nuisance dust, contains peat

None known Carcinogenity:

Effects of Exposure: Inhalation over long periods of high amounts of

> any nuisance dust may overload lung clearance mechanism, irritate mucous membrane and make

lungs more vulnerable to respiratory disease.

If inhaled, provide fresh air. If eye irritation occurs, Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

flush with water. Keep open wounds covered and

clean as suggested by any good program of

hygiene.

SECTION VII. Toxicological Properties

<u>Exposure Limit:</u> TWA 10 mg/m3 <u>Skin Contact:</u> No known hazard

<u>Eye Contact:</u>
Inhalation:

Dust particles may cause minor eye irritation:

Dust particles may cause slight irritation with very

high concentrations

SECTION VIII. PRECAUTIONS FOR SAFE HANDLING AND USE

Steps to be Taken in Case Material

<u>is Released or Spilled:</u> Use methods to clean spill which avoid creating

airborne dust. Remove for disposal or incorporation into soils or garden.

Waste Disposal Method: According to EPA 40 CFR 261.3, waste of this

product is not defined as hazardous. Dispose of all waste in accordance with federal, state and

local regulations.

Precautions to be Taken in

<u>Handling and Storing:</u> If excessive dust in created, avoid breathing dust

by using adequate ventilation and/or NIOSH or MSHA approved respirator for nuisance dust of this type. Breathing dust may be harmful to your

health.

Other Precautions: Protective eye wear should be worn where dust

levels are high enough to cause irritation.

SECTION IX. CONTROL MEASURES

Respiratory Protection: If dust is created use NIOSH or MSHA approved

respirator for nuisance dust of this type.

Ventilation: Local exhaust advisable if excessive dust is

created.

Protective Gloves: Not normally necessary but suggested in cases of

open wounds that are not appropriately protected.

<u>Eye Protection:</u> Protective eye wear should be worn where dust

levels are high enough to cause irritation.

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment: Normal work clothing.

Work/Hygienic Practices: NIOSH or MSHA approved respirator, eye

protection and ventilation under conditions where excessive dust is created. Open wounds should

be kept clean and suitably protected.

SECTION X. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

These materials are made from natural products and may contain naturally occurring microorganisms. Proper precautions are advised to prevent infection of open wounds, inhalation of excessive amounts of dust and eye irritation. The proper hygiene practices necessary to prevent health hazards from any naturally occurring substance such as soil, bark, etc., should be observed.

The information contained in this MSDS is provided without warranty of any kind, express or implied. The information contained herein is made available solely for consideration, investigation, and verification by the original recipients hereof. Users should consider this information only as a supplement to other information gathered by or available to them. Users should make independent determinations of the suitability and completeness of information from all sources to assure proper use and disposal of these materials for the safety and health of employees, customers, and the environment. This hazard information is not a substitute for risk assessment under actual conditions of use. Users have the responsibility to keep currently informed on chemical hazard information, to design and update their own programs, and to comply with all applicable national, federal, state, and local laws and regulations regarding safety, occupational health, right to know, and environmental protection.